# PERCENTS: FINDING PERCENT AND PART SOLVING PROBLEMS USING PERCENT 

Percents are useful in solving everyday math problems. One type of percent problem is "finding percent" where a proportion may be used to express the fraction as a percent.

A tool that can be very helpful in solving percent problems is the "percent box". The percent box may be used to help set up a proportion for "finding percent".

The percent box may also be used to solve a second type of percent problem called "finding the part" which is finding a percent of a number.

Learning to solve percent problems will be very useful in every day math applications.

## Finding Percent for a Fraction Using a Proportion

When finding a percent for a fraction, write a proportion to express the fraction in hundredths.

## Find the percent for $\frac{3}{5}$.

Write a proportion

Cross Multiply


Write the cross products as an equation.

$$
\begin{aligned}
5 \times n & =3 \times 100 \\
5 n & =300
\end{aligned}
$$

Divide both sides by 5

$$
5 n \div 5=300 \div 5
$$

Solve.

$$
\begin{aligned}
1 n & =60 \\
n & =60 \%
\end{aligned}
$$

Here is an example for expressing an improper fraction as percent.

## Find the percent for $\frac{9}{4}$.

Write a proportion


Write the cross products as an equation.

$$
\begin{aligned}
4 \times n & =9 \times 100 \\
4 n & =900
\end{aligned}
$$

Divide both sides by 5

$$
4 n \div 4=900 \div 4
$$

Solve.

$$
1 n=225
$$

$$
n=225 \%
$$

## Percents (Percent-Box Method)

To solve percent problems, the percent box comes in handy to set up the problem.

## Finding Percent



Example 1: Fifteen middle school students ride the school bus. In all, twentyfive students ride the bus. What percent of the students that ride the bus are middle school students?

The math sentence for this problem is:
Fifteen is what percent of $\mathbf{2 5 ?}$

"What percent of the students are middle school students?" is the unknown ( $n$ ). The percent goes above the 100 in the percent box.

To solve for percent, make a proportion, and then cross multiply.

$$
\frac{15}{25}=\frac{n}{100} \xrightarrow[\text { multiply }]{\text { cross }} 25 \times n=15 \times 100 \quad \xrightarrow[\text { equation }]{\text { make an }} \quad \begin{aligned}
25 n & =1500 \\
n & =60
\end{aligned} \quad(1500 \div 25)
$$

$60 \%$ of the students who ride the bus are middle school students.

## Finding Part

To solve percent problems, the percent box comes in handy to set up problem.


Example: There are 70 students in the class. Eighty percent have blue eyes. How many students have blue eyes?

The math sentence for this problem is:

$$
80 \% \text { of } 70=n
$$

"How many have blue eyes?" is the part that is unknown.


Eighty percent have blue eyes. The percent goes above the 100 in the percent box.

To solve for "part" of the class, make a proportion, and then cross multiply.
$\frac{n}{70}=\frac{80}{100} \quad \xrightarrow[\text { multiply }]{\text { cross }} n \times 100=70 \times 80 \xrightarrow[\text { equation }]{\text { make an }} \quad \begin{gathered}100 n=5600 \\ \boldsymbol{n}=\mathbf{5 6}\end{gathered} \quad(5600 \div 100)$
Fifty-six students in the class have blue eyes.

## Using Percents

Lyle went shopping with his mom and found a jacket that was on sale marked $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$ off. The cost of the jacket was approximately $\$ 40.00$. He wanted to figure the savings quickly.


Here is how Lyle figured his discount.

From math class, Lyle remembered that $25 \%$ can be written as a fraction, $\frac{25}{100}$, and then simplifed to $\frac{1}{4}$.
He multiplied $\$ 40 \times \frac{1}{4}$ and figured that the discount was $\$ 10$.
He subtracted $\$ 40-\$ 10$.
Lyle told his mom that the jacket only costs $\$ 30$ on sale.
Lyle's mother had a calculator in her purse and decided to check his math. She found the discount another way. She thought of $25 \%$ as the decimal, 0.25 , and then multiplied by $\$ 40.00$. She also figured $\$ 10$ for the discount. Since $\$ 10$ was a good discount on the jacket and the final price of $\$ 30$ was reasonable, Lyle took home a new jacket!


