

## Writing Equations of Parallel and Perpendicular Lines

Period \_\_\_\_\_

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**Write the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line described.**1) through:  $(2, 2)$ , parallel to  $y = x + 4$ 2) through:  $(4, 3)$ , parallel to  $x = 0$ 3) through:  $(2, -4)$ , parallel to  $y = 3x + 2$ 4) through:  $(2, -1)$ , parallel to  $y = -\frac{2}{5}x + 3$ 5) through:  $(1, -5)$ , perp. to  $y = \frac{1}{8}x + 2$ 6) through:  $(4, -1)$ , perp. to  $y = x + 2$

7) through:  $(-5, 5)$ , perp. to  $y = \frac{5}{9}x - 4$

8) through:  $(3, 4)$ , perp. to  $y = -2x - 4$

**Write the standard form of the equation of the line described.**

9) through:  $(4, 4)$ , parallel to  $y = -6x + 5$

10) through:  $(-5, 5)$ , parallel to  $y = -3x + 3$

11) through:  $(3, -2)$ , perp. to  $y = 5x + 4$

12) through:  $(3, 1)$ , perp. to  $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 4$

**Write the standard form of the equation of each line.**

13)  $y = 3x + 1$

14)  $y = -\frac{9}{5}x + 3$

15) Slope = 1, y-intercept = 0

16) Slope =  $-\frac{7}{2}$ , y-intercept = 2

17)  $y - 1 = -\frac{1}{3}(x + 3)$

18)  $y - 4 = -\frac{6}{5}(x + 5)$

**Write the slope-intercept form of the equation of each line.**

19)  $y - 1 = 2(x - 2)$

20)  $y + 3 = \frac{1}{2}(x + 2)$

## Answers to Writing Equations of Parallel and Perpendicular Lines (ID: 1)

1)  $y = x$

2)  $x = 4$

3)  $y = 3x - 10$

4)  $y = -\frac{2}{5}x - \frac{1}{5}$

5)  $y = -8x + 3$

6)  $y = -x + 3$

7)  $y = -\frac{9}{5}x - 4$

8)  $y = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{5}{2}$

9)  $6x + y = 28$

10)  $3x + y = -10$

11)  $x + 5y = -7$

12)  $3x - 2y = 7$

13)  $3x - y = -1$

14)  $9x + 5y = 15$

15)  $x - y = 0$

16)  $7x + 2y = 4$

17)  $x + 3y = 0$

18)  $6x + 5y = -10$

19)  $y = 2x - 3$

20)  $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 2$