

Term	Definition
Carpal (KAR-pal)	Pertaining to carpus
Cervical (SER-vih-kal)	Pertaining to the neck
Clavicular (klah-VIK-yoo-lar)	Pertaining to the clavicle
Coccygeal (kok-SIH-jee-al)	Pertaining to the coccyx
Cortical (KOR-tih-kal)	Pertaining to outer layer
Costal (KOS-tal)	Pertaining to the rib
Cranial (KRAY-nee-al)	Pertaining to the skull
Femoral (FEM-or-al)	Pertaining to the femur
Fibular (FIB-yoo-lar)	Pertaining to the fibia
Humeral (HYOO-mer-al)	Pertaining to the humerus
Iliac (IL-ee-ak)	Pertaining to the ilium
Intervertebral (in-ter-VER-the-bral)	Pertaining to between vertebrae
Intracranial (in-trah-KRAY-nee-al)	Pertaining to within skull
Ischial (ISS-kee-al)	Pertaining to ischium
Lumbar (LUM-bar)	Pertaining to the lower back
Mandibular (man-DIB-yoo-lar)	Pertaining to mandible
Maxillary (MAK-sih-lair-ee)	Pertaining to maxilla
Medullary (MED-yoo-lair-ee)	Pertaining to inner region
Metacarpel (met-ah-KAR-pal)	Pertaining to metacarpus
Metatarsal (met-ah-TAR-sel)	Pertaining to metatarsus
Patellar (pah-TEL-ar)	Pertaining to patella
Phalangeal (fal-LAN-jee-al)	Pertaining to phalanges
Pubic (PYOO-bik)	Pertaining to pubis
Radial (RAY-see-al)	Pertaining to radius
Sacral (SAY-kral)	Pertaining to sacrum
Scapular (SKAP-yoo-lar)	Pertaining to scapula
Spinal (SPY-nal)	Pertaining to pain
Sternal (STER-nal)	Pertaining to the sternum
Tarsal (TAR-sal)	Pertaining to tarsus
Thoracic (tho-RASS-ik)	Pertaining to thorax
Tibial (TIB-ee-al)	Pertaining to tibia
Ulnar (UL-nar)	Pertaining to ulna
Vertebral (VER-teh-bral)	Pertaining to vertebra